

Mining the Sun

Nevada Mining Association Board Meeting April 19, 2021

> Jaina Moan, External Affairs Director The Nature Conservancy in Nevada jaina.moan@tnc.org

The mission of The Nature Conservancy is to conserve the lands and waters on which all life depends.



We can't solve climate change without addressing energy and land use

Addressing climate change demands **rapid acceleration** of renewable energy deployment and natural climate solutions. We will **need 10 times the amount** of renewable deployment than present.



The Mining the Sun Initiative is a bright spot of climate action bridging **political**, **cultural**, and **economic** divides.



America's greatest untapped clean energy resource:

~6.7 Million MW

RE-Powering America's Land:

Siting Renewable Energy on Potentially Contaminated Land, Landfills and Mine Sites

Estimating Total Technical Potential

Solar technical potential for EPA tracked sites: over 6,700,000 MW

Market potential - The portion of the economic potential that could be achieved given current costs, policies and technical constraints.

Economic potential - The portion of the technical potential that is economically viable, but requires additional policies to break down market barriers.

Technical potential – Potential that is technically possible, without consideration of cost or practical feasibility.

For more information, visit www.epa.gov/renewableenergyland or contact cleanenergy@epa.gov



ebruary 7, 2012 LEDA REDS

Lander County Economic Development Authority

Renewable Energy Development Study Feasibility Evaluation Report



repared for der Count boldt Str le Mountain, NV 89820 (775) 635-2885



A small change with **big results**

Barriers and Opportunities for Siting Solar Energy Projects on Contaminated Mine Lands in Nevada

Prepared for The Nature Conservancy

By the Environmental and Regulatory Law Clinic at the University of Virginia School of Law¹



ACADEMICS



One of the major issues was that renewable energy development and storage was **not officially recognized as a valid post-productive use of mine lands** in state of Nevada. **Cue the solution...**

Photo: Jason Carte

A small change with **big results**

Sec. 2. NAC 519A.070 is hereby amended to read as follows:

519A.070 "Productive postmining use of the land" means a use which supports activities

including:

- 1. Wildlife habitat;
- 2. Livestock grazing;
- 3. Agriculture and ranching;
- 4. Industry;
- 5. Renewable energy development and storage;





Positive Media Hits



This would be good for the state! #solarenergy



Old Nevada mines may get new leases on life as solar arrays reviewjournal.com

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Nevada's mines could hold key to Question 6 energy standard



Most Read

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2 Suspect in Las Vegas fatal shooting turned himself in
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THE SACRAMENTO BEE

Idaho Statesman



Mining the Sun Map Tool











Potential AML Sites in NV

- Buckskin-Pruett, Lyon County, near Yerington
- Caselton OU3 and OU4, Lincoln County, near Pioche
- Silver King, White Pine County, south of Ely, north of Ward charcoal ovens
- Juniper, Pershing County, east of Lovelock
- * Electricity infrastructure
- * Proximity to Transmission
- * Adequate acreage to support small utilityscale (a minimum of 100 acres is ideal)



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Getting Started



Land Considerations

- Closed waste rock or tailings sites?
- Acres available?
 - 5-7 MW/acre
- Sites available after closure?
 - Timing
- Condition of land area?
 - Substrate
 - Remediation required

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Getting Started



Electricity

- Electric utility provider, consumption, and cost
- Line drawing of electric distribution
 - Utility meters, substations, transmission lines

Reclamation

- Requirements for potential renewable generation sites
- Estimated reclamation cost to calculate potential savings of deferred reclamation
 - NDEP-BMRR SRCE cost estimate model

Challenges and Barriers



- Financial (lack of incentives, project financing)
- Perceived or actual liability
- Transmission and Infrastructure
- Permitting
- Uncertainty related to sitespecific information
- Identifying off-takers

Nevada Opportunities



"Proactive "smart from the start" planning posture to enhance the state's support of optimized siting that better balances clean energy goals with impacts to natural lands, cultural resources, recreation, wildlife, and other conservation values...

Creative solutions to land use and deployment of largescale solar have been proposed, including using reclaimed mining lands and other degraded landscapes." https://climateaction.nv.gov/policies/complex-challenges/



Thinking at the scale of an entire mine operation and over the life cycle of a mining operation:

Current model of mining closure





Thinking at the scale of an entire mine operation and over the life cycle of a mining operation:

Mining the Sun paradigm shift: think of closure as *transitioning* the form of industrial site use, not in ending it



Planning for site transition; proactively engaging with utility on future transmission infrastructure to enable MTS transition

- ManufacturingMaterials processing
- Energy export

Recycling

Scenario E: The diamonds in the sky model of mining industry and utility cooperation. Slide 1



Utility and mining operation partner to make upfront investment in transmission infrastructure upgrade to enable two-way power flow between mine and grid. Mine and utility both able to both receive and export power to and from site.

Utility customers

Scenario E: The diamonds in the sky model of mining industry and utility cooperation. Slide 2



Mining operation moves into closure but rather than reclaiming site, the energy infrastructure remains to transition the site to new form of industrial use that produces economic benefit from power. Examples include: carbon capture and storage, recycling, manufacturing, materials processing, energy storage.

Utility customers

Scenario E: The diamonds in the sky model of mining industry and utility cooperation. Slide 3



Utility is able to access power at certain times when needed (under agreement with site industry). This enables onsite renewable power to always be available to grid system when most needed, but saves utility from the problem of overbuild and curtailment, as power can always be put toward an economic use (e.g., direct air carbon capture and storage, hydrogen fuel production from RE-powered electrolysis) when not needed from grid.

Utility customers

Key Points for Mining the Sun





- Mining the Sun can happen at all stages: exploration, planning, closure, and postmining
- Reduce carbon footprint for mining and potential reclamation cost savings
- Explore co-benefits!
- Actively engage on long-term planning with transmission and utilities

Federal Legislative Opportunities



Senator Catherine Cortez Masto

Senator Jacky Rosen

Proposed REDEVELOP Act Codify EPA Re-Powering program American Jobs Plan \$5 Billion for cleaning up Superfund sites and brownfields, but no mention of renewable energy

Mining the Sun

How you can help



- Help us foster dialogue between industry and other stakeholder groups
- Suggestions for Pilot/demo projects?
- Express Support
 - Supportive quotes
 - Letters
 - Media
 - Contact policymakers

